

Instructions of TSKgel Enantio L1 and Enantio L2

TSKgel Enantio L1 and L2 are HPLC columns for the separation of enantiomers such as α -amino acids and α -hydroxy carbonic acids without precolumn derivation by ligand exchange chromatography.

The stationary phases on Enantio L1 and L2 consist of the complexes of copper ion and chemically bonded chiral aliphatic amino acid and aromatic one respectively. The chiral recognition mechanism is based on the stability of the complexes comprising copper ion, amino acid on the stationary phase and solutes.

Support

Base material	: silica gel
Stationary phase	: aliphatic amino acid Cu^{2+} complex (L1) aromatic amino acid Cu^{2+} complex (L2) (chemically bonded)
Particle diameter	: 5 μm

Column

Dimension	: 4.6 mm (I.D.) \times 25 cm (L)
Solvent	: acetonitrile

Working range

Pressure	: 14MPa (1,960psi)
Organic solvent in eluent	: 0 - 100 %
Temperature	: 10 - 50 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
pH range	: 2 - 7.5
Salt concentration range	: less than 1.0 mol/L

Quality test

Theoretical plate numbers of individual columns of TSKgel Enantio L1 and L2 are confirmed by the quality test.

Guaranteed theoretical plate number

TSKgel Enantio L1	: 6,000 TP/column
TSKgel Enantio L2	: 4,000 TP/column

Test conditions

Enantio L1

Eluent	: 0.5 mmol/L CuSO_4 aq.
Flow rate	: 1.0 mL/min
Sample	: L-Serine 100 $\mu\text{g/mL}$, 10 μL
Temperature	: 50 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
Detector	: UV. 254nm

Enantio L2

Eluent	: 30 $\mu\text{mol/L}$ CuSO_4 aq.
Flow rate	: 1.0 mL/min
Sample	: L-Serine 100 $\mu\text{g/mL}$, 10 μL
Temperature	: 50 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
Detector	: UV. 254 nm